

TECHNICAL DATA SHEET CONAP®

# **CONATHANE® EN-1554**

— Conforms to MIL-M-24041-C —

CONATHANE EN-1554 is a polyether based polyurethane resin system primarily intended for use as a molding, encapsulating and potting compound for harness breakouts, watertight electrical connectors, cables, cable end seals, printed circuitry and other electrical components. The system also has utility in the casting or molding of mechanical parts and as a lining material for pumps, chutes and conveyors, where outstanding abrasion resistance is a necessity.

CONATHANE EN-1554 may be cured at room or elevated temperatures. CONATHANE EN-1554, when fully cured, is a tough, cold-flow resistant elastomer that has good resistance to oils, gasoline, JP-4 fuel, water, and seawater and also provides outstanding protection against corrosion or contamination. The system is funginert when tested in accordance with MIL-E-5262C and MIL-STD-810B.

Three primers have been developed for use in bonding EN-1554 to metals, neoprene, and polyvinyl chloride during the curing process. CONAP® AD-1146 is recommended for metals, CONAP® PR-1167 for neoprene, and CONAP® AD-1161 for polyvinyl chloride.

# TYPICAL PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS

|   | PART A        | PART B         |
|---|---------------|----------------|
| Color                                     | Amber         | Amber or Black |
| Brookfield Viscosity @ 77°F               | 20,000 cps    | 15,000 cps     |
| Specific Gravity @ 77°F                   | $1.1 \pm 0.1$ | $1.1 \pm 0.1$  |
| Isocyanate Content, %                     | $5.1 \pm 0.2$ |                |
| Non-Volatile Content, %<br>(Mixed System) | 99.9          |                |

### TYPICAL CURED PROPERTIES

# PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

| THISTORETROTERIES                     |                |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|
| Color                                 | Amber or Black |
| Specific Gravity @ 77°F               | 1.09           |
| Tensile Strength, psi                 | 4,500          |
| 300% Modulus, psi                     | 1,100          |
| Ultimate Elongation, %                | 550            |
| Tear Strength, pli, (Die C)           | 350            |
| Hardness, Shore A                     | $87 \pm 3$     |
| Compression Set, % (22 hours @ 158°F) | 50             |
| Volume Shrinkage, %                   | 4.5            |
|                                       |                |

### PHYSICAL PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

| TITTOTOLET HOTEHTIE (GOTTH (GEE))  |  |
|--|--|
| Adhesion*, peel, lbs./in. of width<br>Monel Steel<br>Neoprene<br>Polyvinyl Chloride        | 125-155<br>28-31<br>42-48                          |
| Moisture Absorption, % (24 hour immersion in D.I. water @ 200°F)                           | 0.325  |
| Low temperature flexibility, -65°F   | No blistering,<br>cracking, or loss<br>of adhesion |
| Heat Aging, (Hardness loss after 24 hours exposure at 275°F)                               | -3   |
| Water Resistance, % Weight Loss after 3 weeks immersion in water @ 212°F                   | 0.22%  |
| Property Degradation - % Loss of tensile strength after 2 weeks immersion in water @ 158°F | 11.2%  |
| Fungus Resistance (MIL-I-E-5272C and MIL-STD-810B)   | Non-Nutrient                                       |

\* Metal was primed with CONAP AD-1146, neoprene was abraded and primed with CONAP PR-1167, and polyvinyl chloride was made tacky with MEK and primed with CONAP AD-1161.

# **ELECTRICAL PROPERTIES**

| Arc Resistance, seconds                              | 120                     |
|--|-------------------------|
| Dielectric Strength, VPM, 50 mil specimens           | 600                     |
| 125 mil Specimens                                    | 310                     |
| Dielectric Constant, 1 KHz @ 77°F                    | 6.63                    |
| 1 MHz @ 77°F   | 5.23                    |
| Power Factor, 1 KHz @ 77°F                           | 0.044                   |
| 1 MHz @ 77°F   | 0.059                   |
| Volume Resistivity, ohm-cm @ 77°F                    | $5.1 \times 10^{12}$    |
| @ 250°F  | $6.3 \times 10^{10}$    |
| Surface Resistivity, ohms @ 77°F                     | $2.5 \times 10^{12}$    |
| @ 250°F  | $2.5 \times 10^{10}$    |
| Insulation Resistance, megohms @ 77°F                | 580,000                 |
| @ 250°F  | 2.420                   |
| After 10 days exposure @ 77°F – 95% R.H. megohms     | 15,000                  |
| High Potential Resistance, 2,000 volts r.m.s., 60 Hz | No breakdown            |
| Flame Resistance, 55 amperes D.C.                    | No ignition or charring |

#### PROCESSING PARAMETERS

| Mix Ratio by weight, Resin/Hardener (A/B)                  | 100/33        |
|--|---------------|
| Mix Ratio by volume, Resin/Hardener (A/B)                  | 3/1           |
| Application Life: Type I (two-part unit) 2 lb. mass @ 77°F | 2 hours       |
| @140°F   | 45-60 minutes |
|  |               |

Depending upon the temperature at which the components of CONATHANE EN-1554 are mixed, one of the following viscosity/time relationships will be observed:

| Time        | @ 77°F     | @ 140°F     | @ 180°F     |
|-------------|------------|-------------|-------------|
| Initial     | 18,000 cps | 2,400 cps   | 1,800 cps   |
| 10 minutes  | 18,600 cps | 4,500 cps   | 8,500 cps   |
| 20 minutes  | 19,300 cps | 7,200 cps   | 21,000 cps  |
| 30 minutes  | 20,000 cps | 23,500 cps  | 84,000 cps  |
| 40 minutes  | 21,000 cps | 42,500 cps  | 250,000 cps |
| 60 minutes  | 26,100 cps | 280,000 cps |             |
| 80 minutes  | 42,200 cps |             |             |
| 100 minutes | 62,000 cps |             |             |
| 120 minutes | 84,000 cps |             |             |

Cure: One of the following cure schedules is recommended to obtain optimum results:

| Temperature | Demolding<br>Time* | Cure Time                              |
|-------------|--------------------|--|
| @ 77°F      | 36-48 hours        | 3 weeks<br>(Shore A 70 after 1 week)   |
| @ 180°F     | 3-4 hours          | 16 hours<br>(Shore A 70 after 6 hours) |
| @ 212°F     | 1-2 hours          | 10-12 hours                            |

\*Demolding time will vary with temperature, amount of material, mold mass, and complexity of unit being potted or molded. Specific demolding times should be evaluated thoroughly.

Do not open containers until ready to use. Part A may solidify when stored at temperatures below 75°F. If solidification has occurred, loosen lid, warm to 120°F-140°F, and mix thoroughly before using. Liquefication is complete when the material is of a smooth, homogeneous consistency.

The two components should be mixed together thoroughly at 77°F to 180°F depending on the viscosity and pot life desired. Containers and stirrers should be metal or glass. DO NOT USE WOOD. Degas the mixed system until foaming subsides (approximately 5 minutes at less than 5 mm of mercury). Large

quantities may require slightly longer periods of degassing. Containers should be large enough to allow for frothing during degassing. If the material is to be transferred to a cartridge, it is suggested that the material be flowed down the side of the cartridge carefully so as not to entrap air.

For best results, it is suggested that both Part A and Part B be heated to 140°F and degassed separately for about 10 minutes at 1-5 mm of mercury. The two components can then be mixed together thoroughly at this temperature or allowed to cool to room temperature before combining. After having mixed the two components together, they should be degassed again at 1-5 mm of mercury.

NOTE: After mixing the two components together, any subsequent operations should be performed as quickly as possible in order to minimize loss of application life.

CONATHANE EN-1554 potting and molding compound may be applied by ordinary casting techniques or by injection molding techniques.

For most injection molding applications, injection pressures of 40-120 psi are generally used. If the molding compound is injected at elevated temperatures (140°F - 180°F), lower injection pressures (10-30 psi) should be used to prevent air from being entrapped in the compound. Best results are obtained when the part being molded and the mold itself are approximately 10°F-20°F warmer than the compound being injected. It is recommended that injection holes be located at the bottom of the mold and air bleed holes at the top to prevent air pockets in the mold. Flash may be trimmed with a sharp knife or razor blade. Molds should be coated with CONAP® mold releases to ensure easy removal of cast parts.

NOTE: Parts that come in direct contact with the mold should be brush coated with CONATHANE EN-1554 to prevent contamination of the primer or loss of adhesion

Equipment should be cleaned immediately after use with methyl ethyl ketone or a CONAP® solvent.

#### BONDING CONATHANE EN-1554 TO VARIOUS MATERIALS

To obtain satisfactory adhesion, CONATHANE EN-1554 should be applied only to dry surfaces that are free of dirt, grease, oil, and mold release agents, and have been properly primed with primers recommended herein:

- METALS Clean and treat as recommended in Bulletin A-143. Apply CONAP AD-1146 primer and air dry for 1 hour, then bake for 2 hours at 160°F-180°F. Apply CONATHANE EN-1554 and cure as recommended.
- 2. NEOPRENE Wash neoprene thoroughly with MEK to remove dirt, oil, and grease. Abrade with a suitable abrasive and clean loose particles with a

• Email: custinfo@cytec.com Worldwide Contact Info: www.cytec.com/conap Tel: 716.372.9650 Fax: 716.372-1594 •

clean, dry brush. Apply CONAP PR-1167 primer and air dry for 1-2 hours or until tack-free. See Bulletin Á-144 for complete details. Apply CONATHANE EN-1554 and cure as recommended.

3. POLYVINYL CHLORIDE - Make the surface tacky with MEK and apply a thin, uniform coat of CONAP AD-1161 primer to the tackfied surface and air dry for 30 minutes. See bulletin A-117 for complete details. Apply CONATHANE EN-1554 and cure as recommended.

#### **COLORING**

CONATHANE EN-1554, as normally supplied, cures to a clear amber or black solid.

#### STORAGE AND HANDLING

CONATHANE EN-1554 two-component units, and the recommended primers, have a shelf life of 15 months from the date of manufacture when stored in the original, unopened containers below 90°F. CONATHANE EN-1554 Part A is a reactive isocyanate prepolymer and will react with atmospheric moisture. If containers are opened and the contents only partially used, the containers should be flushed with dry nitrogen (see CÓNAP® Dri-Purge) or dry air before being resealed.

**CAUTION**: CONATHANE EN-1554 Part A contains traces of free toluene diisocyanate (TDI). Good ventilation should be provided in areas where CONATHANE EN-1554 is being processed. Avoid breathing of vapors. Avoid contact with the skin. If contact does occur, wash with soap and water.

> CONATHANE EN-1554 Part B contains 4,4'-Methylene-bis(2-chloroaniline) (MbOCA), a regulated material. Handle in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations. For further information, please request the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS).

# **AVAILABILITY**

CONATHANE EN-1554 is available in two-component units in gallon, 5-gallon, and 55-gallon containers.

CONAP primers AD-1146, AD-1161, and PR-1167 are available in quart, gallon, and 5-gallon containers.

**Evaluation Kits** are available at a nominal cost.

#### **CAUTION**

Responsible handling of Cytec Industries Inc. products requires a thorough preview of safety, health, and environmental issues prior to use. Review the Material Safety Data Sheets(s) for the specific Cytec Industries Inc. product(s) and container label information before opening containers. Ensure that employee exposure issues are understood, communicated to all workers, and controls are in place to prevent exposures above Permissible Exposure Limits (P.E.L.'s). Review safety and environmental issues to be certain controls are in place to prevent injury to employees, the community, or the environment, and ensure compliance with all applicable Federal, State, and Local laws and regulations. For assistance in this review process, please call your Cytec Industries Inc. representative or our office noted below.