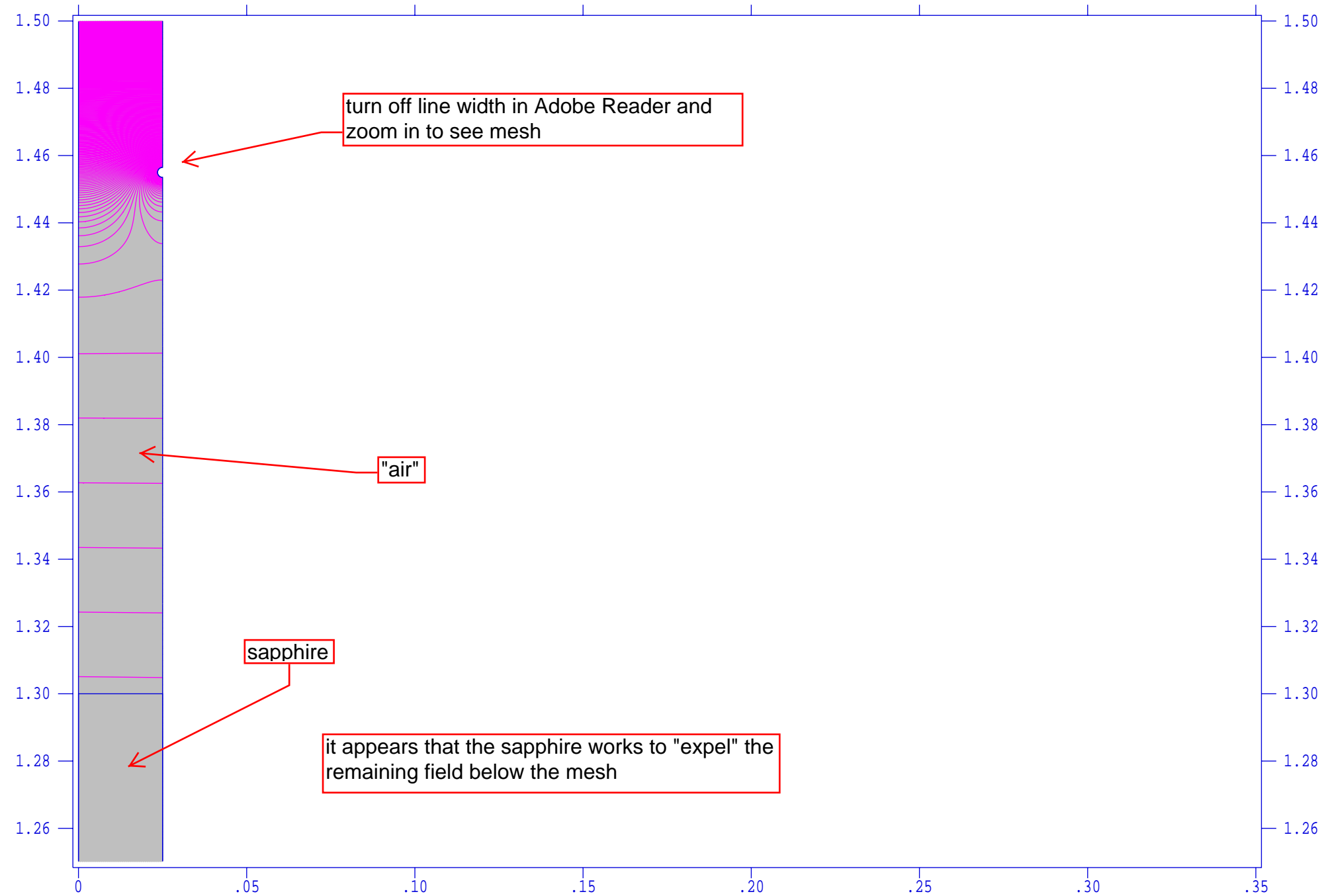


based on FILENAME

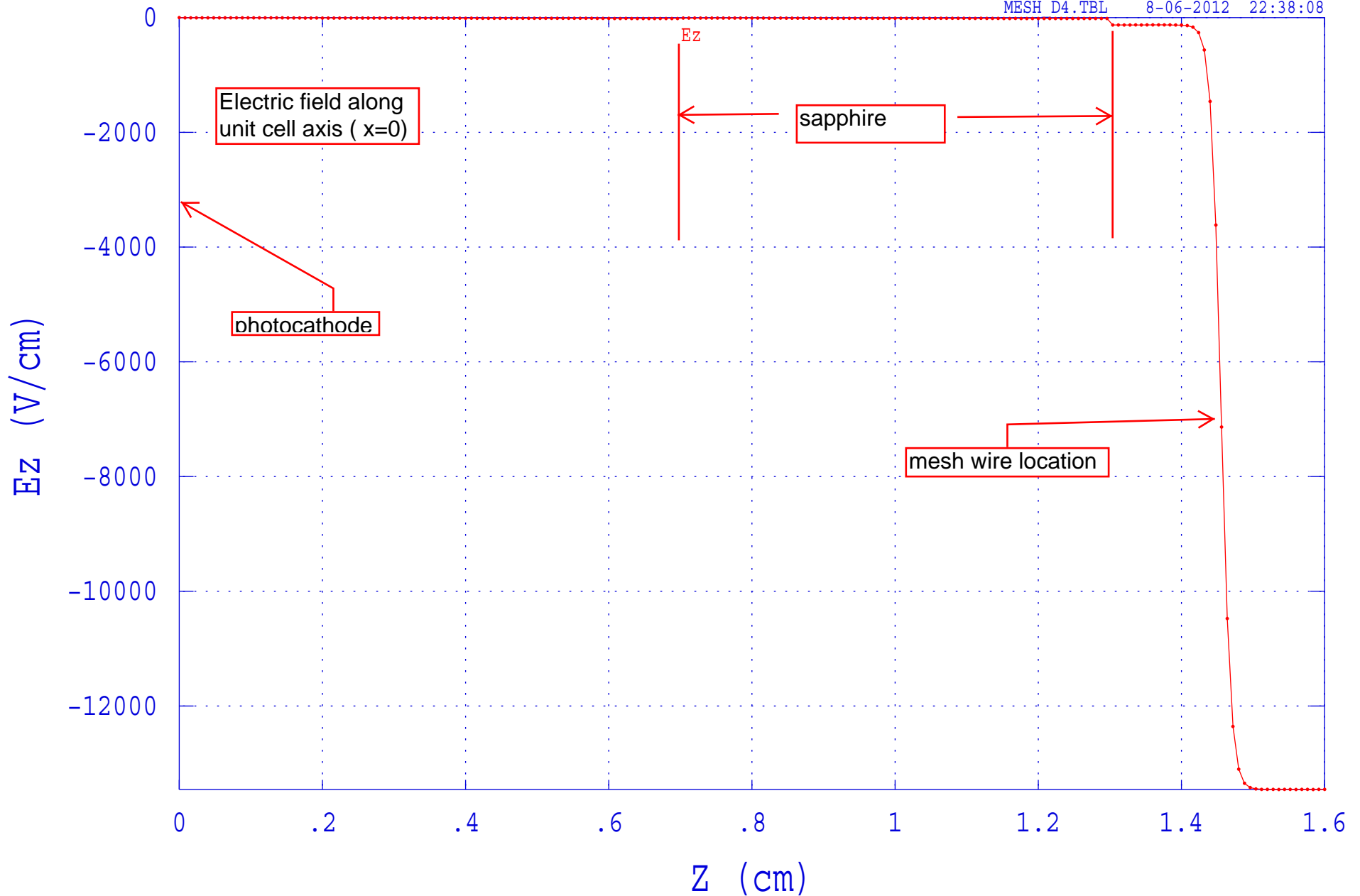


Electric field data from file MESH_DIEL.AM

Problem title line 1: based on FILENAME

MESH_D4.TBL

8-06-2012 22:38:08



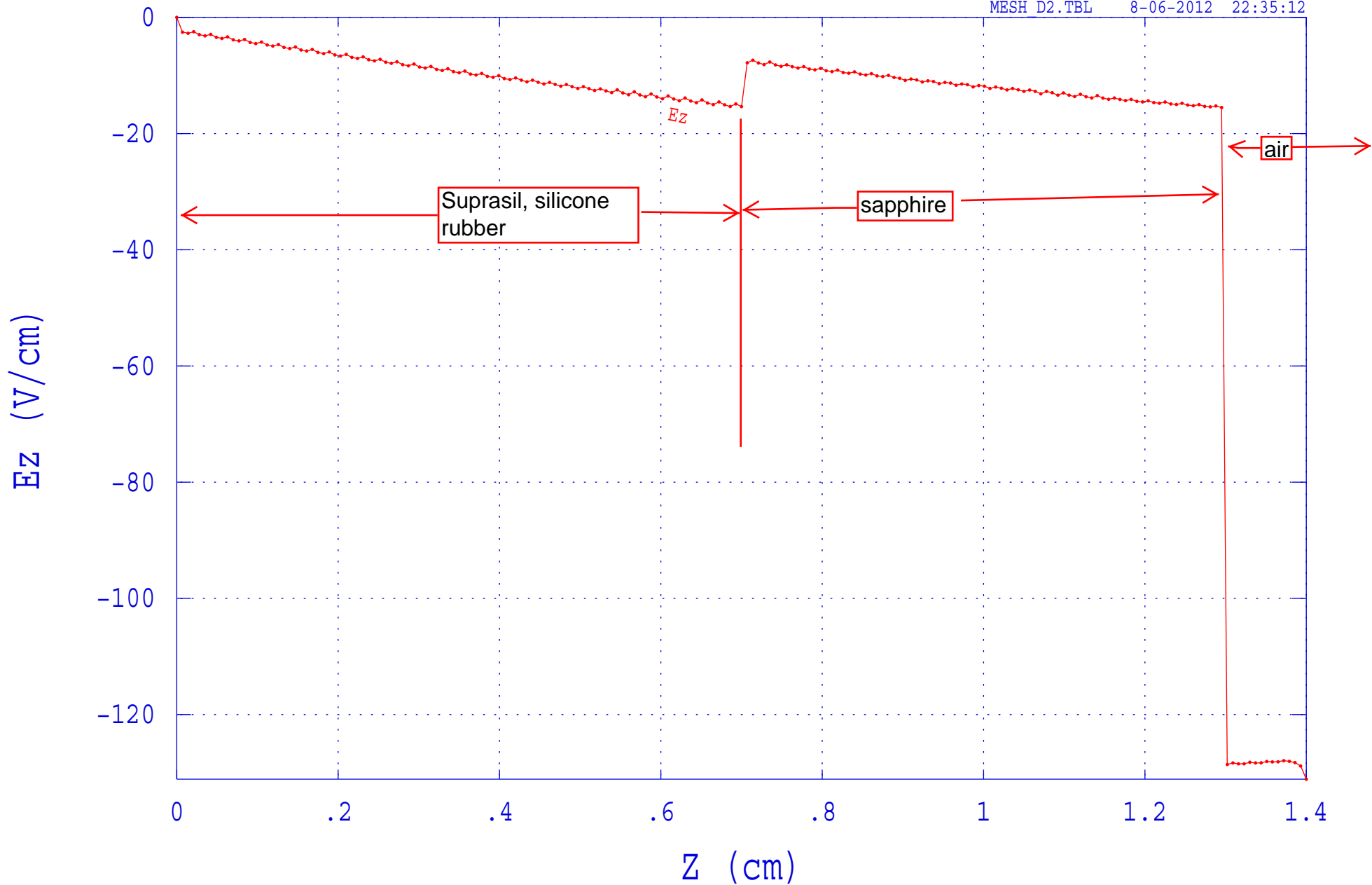
Electric field data from file MESH_DIEL.AM

Problem title line 1: based on FILENAME

MESH D2.TBL

8-06-2012

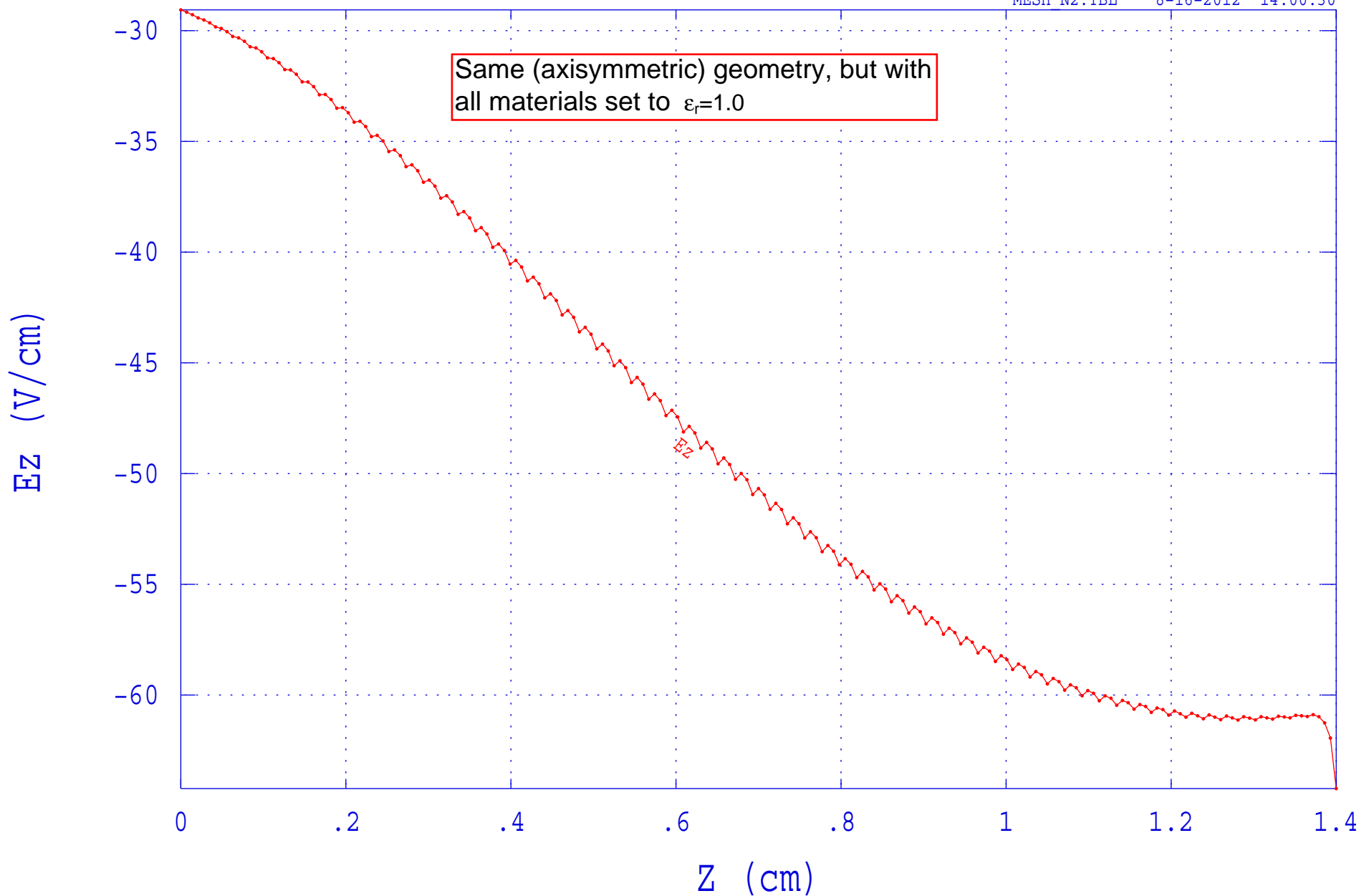
22:35:12



Electric field data from file MESH_NO_DIEL.AM

Problem title line 1: based on FILENAME

MESH N2.TBL 8-16-2012 14:00:30



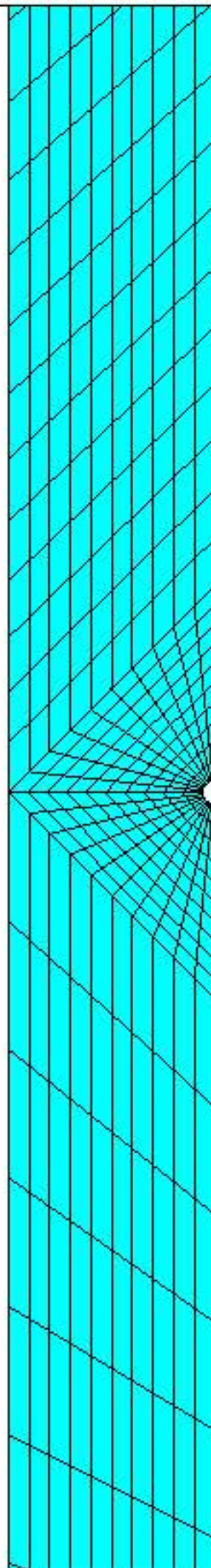
1

ELEMENTS

ANSYS

AUG 16 2012

17:23:35



same geometry using
coarser ANSYS finite
element model for a check

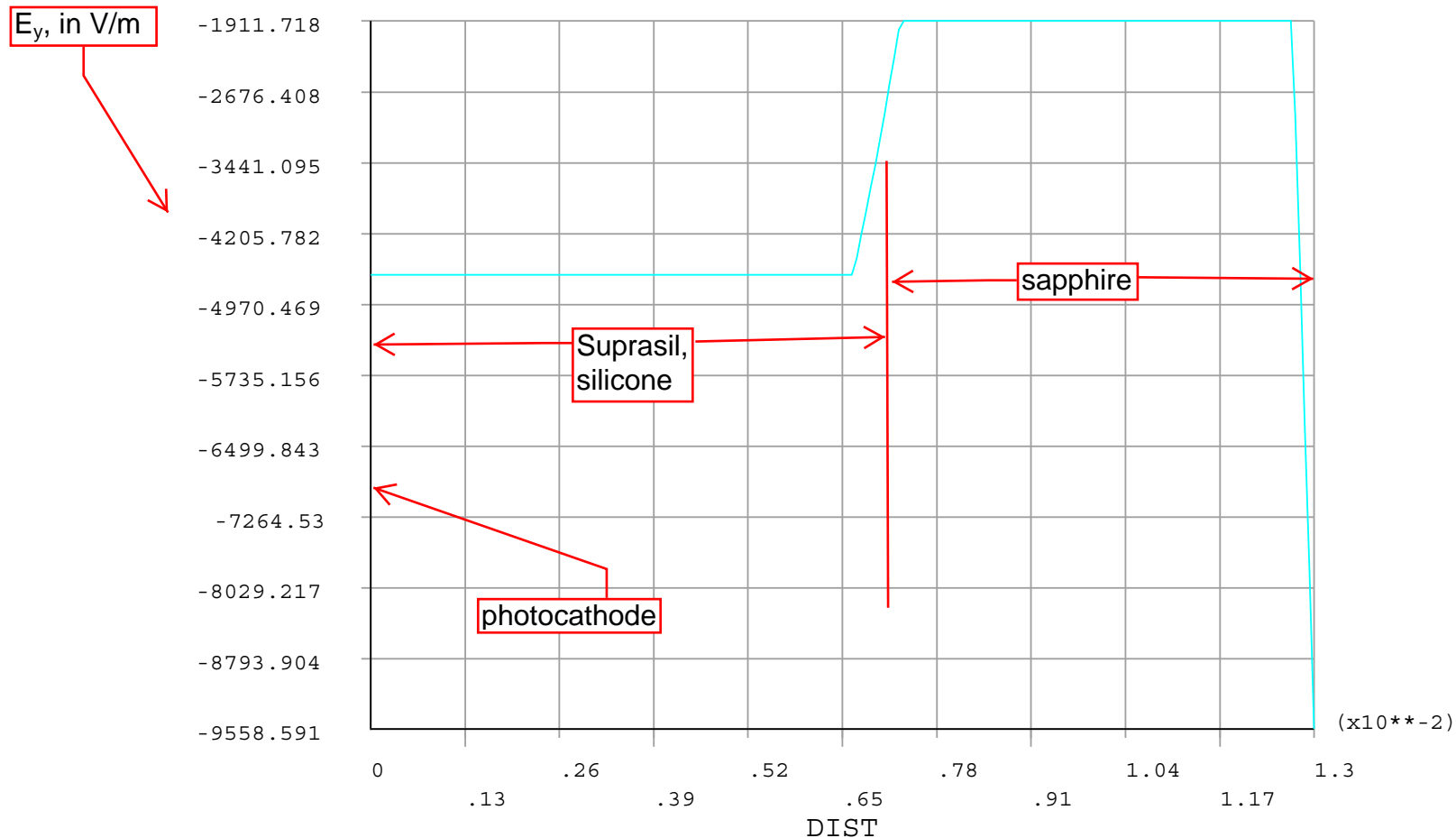
1

POST1
STEP=1
SUB =1
TIME=1
PATH PLOT
EY

ANSYS

AUG 16 2012
17:19:33
PLOT NO. 1

ANSYS gives somewhat different results for
field in low field region, (much coarser mesh)



Conclusion: A fine mesh screen mounted over the sapphire windows, held at ground potential, results in electric fields that are sufficiently low enough across the PMT (Suprasil) window to avoid electrolysis of the photocathode. There is no need to isolate these mesh screens and run them at some other voltage (to further reduce the field)