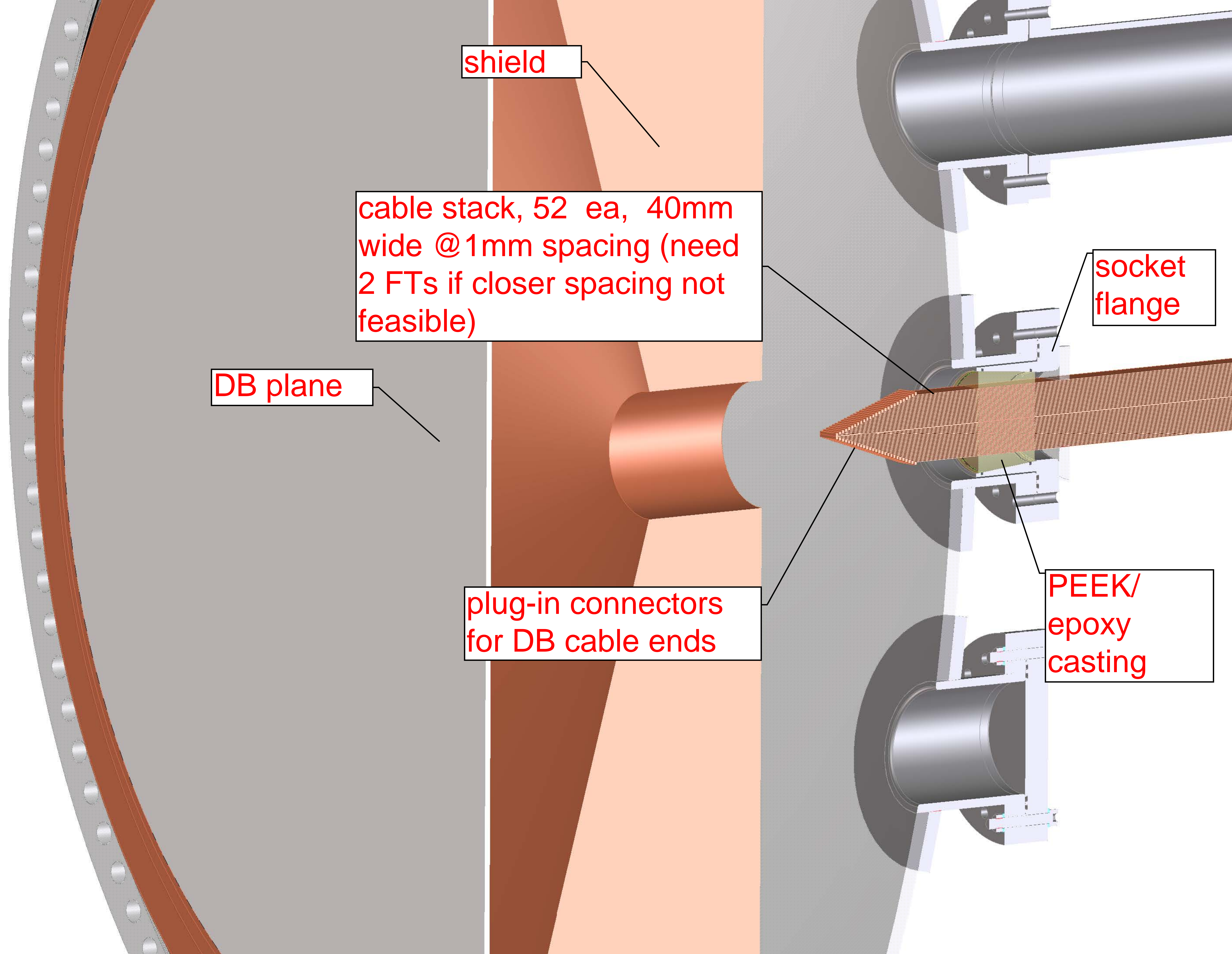


Figure 18. View of warm and cold cable feedthroughs, as installed. (1) Cold flange that makes the seal from LXe to vacuum, showing acrylic cup filled with epoxy. (2) Temporary bracket holding the warm flange during TPC transportation and installation. (3) Warm flange making the seal from the cryostat insulation vacuum to atmosphere. (4) PTFE strain relief. The service loop shown is in the insulation vacuum of the



shield

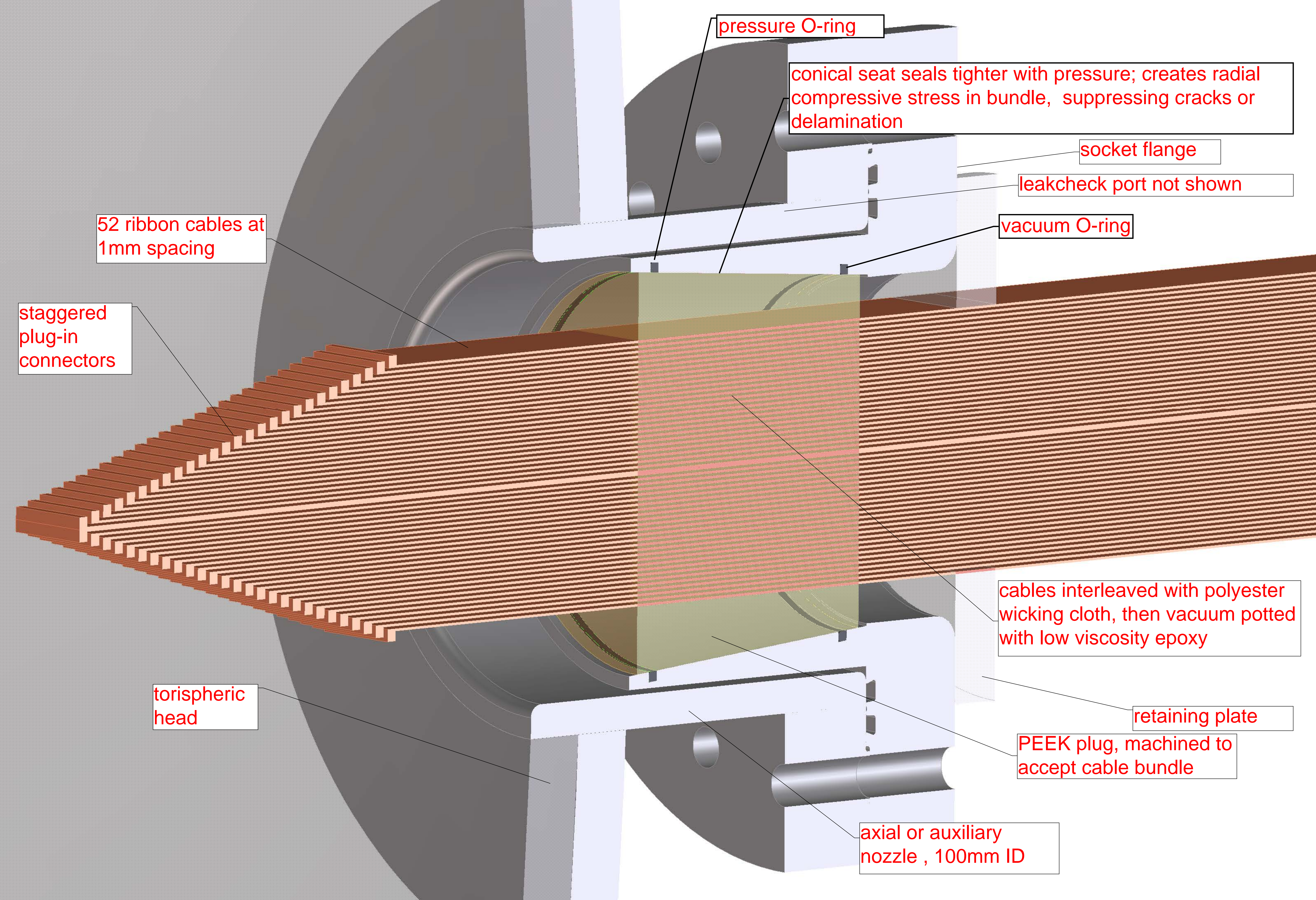
cable stack, 52 ea, 40mm
wide @1mm spacing (need
2 FTs if closer spacing not
feasible)

DB plane

plug-in connectors
for DB cable ends

socket
flange

PEEK/
epoxy
casting



pressure O-ring

conical seat seals tighter with pressure; creates radial compressive stress in bundle, suppressing cracks or delamination

socket flange

leakcheck port not shown

vacuum O-ring

52 ribbon cables at 1mm spacing

staggered plug-in connectors

cables interleaved with polyester wicking cloth, then vacuum potted with low viscosity epoxy

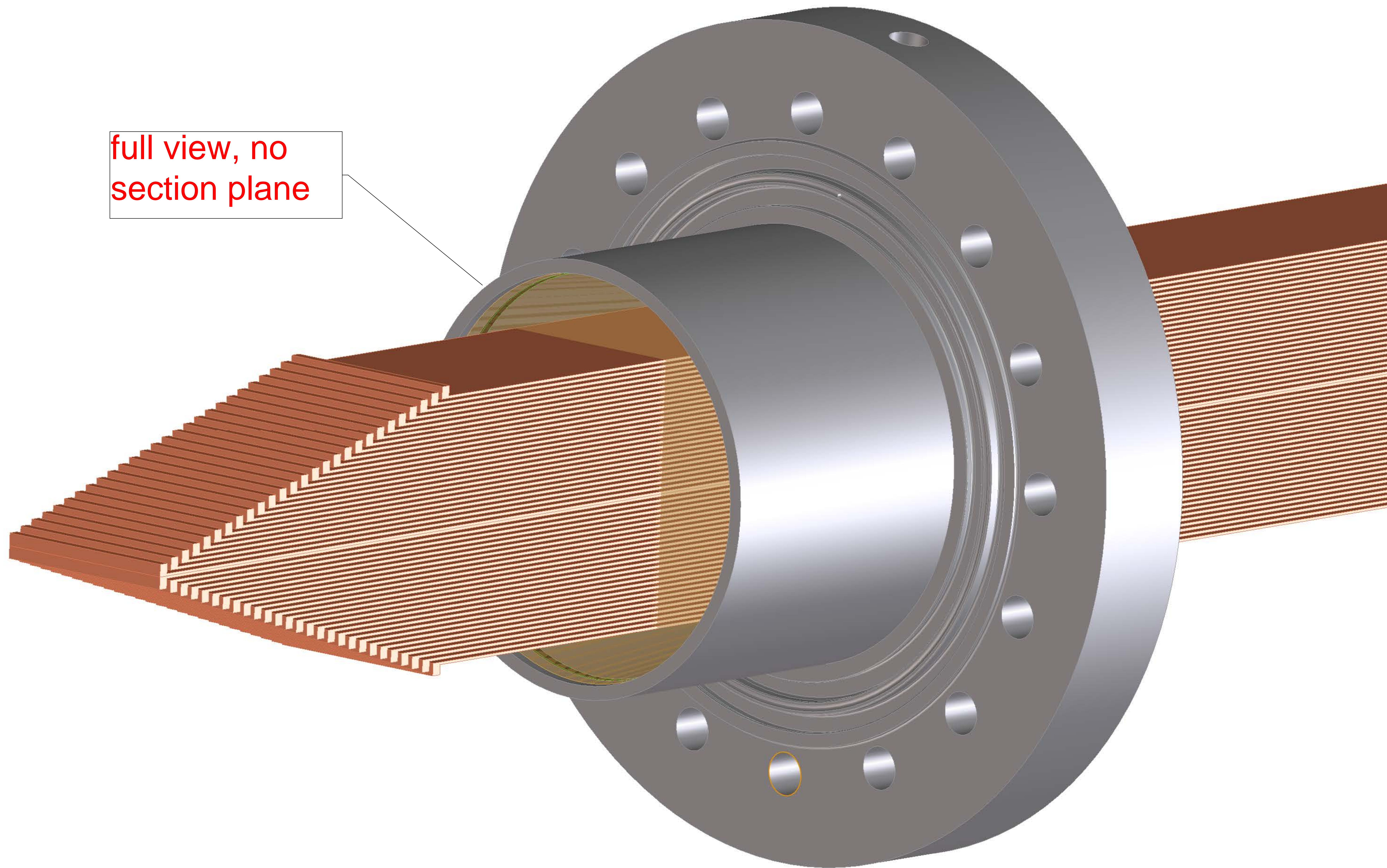
torispheric head

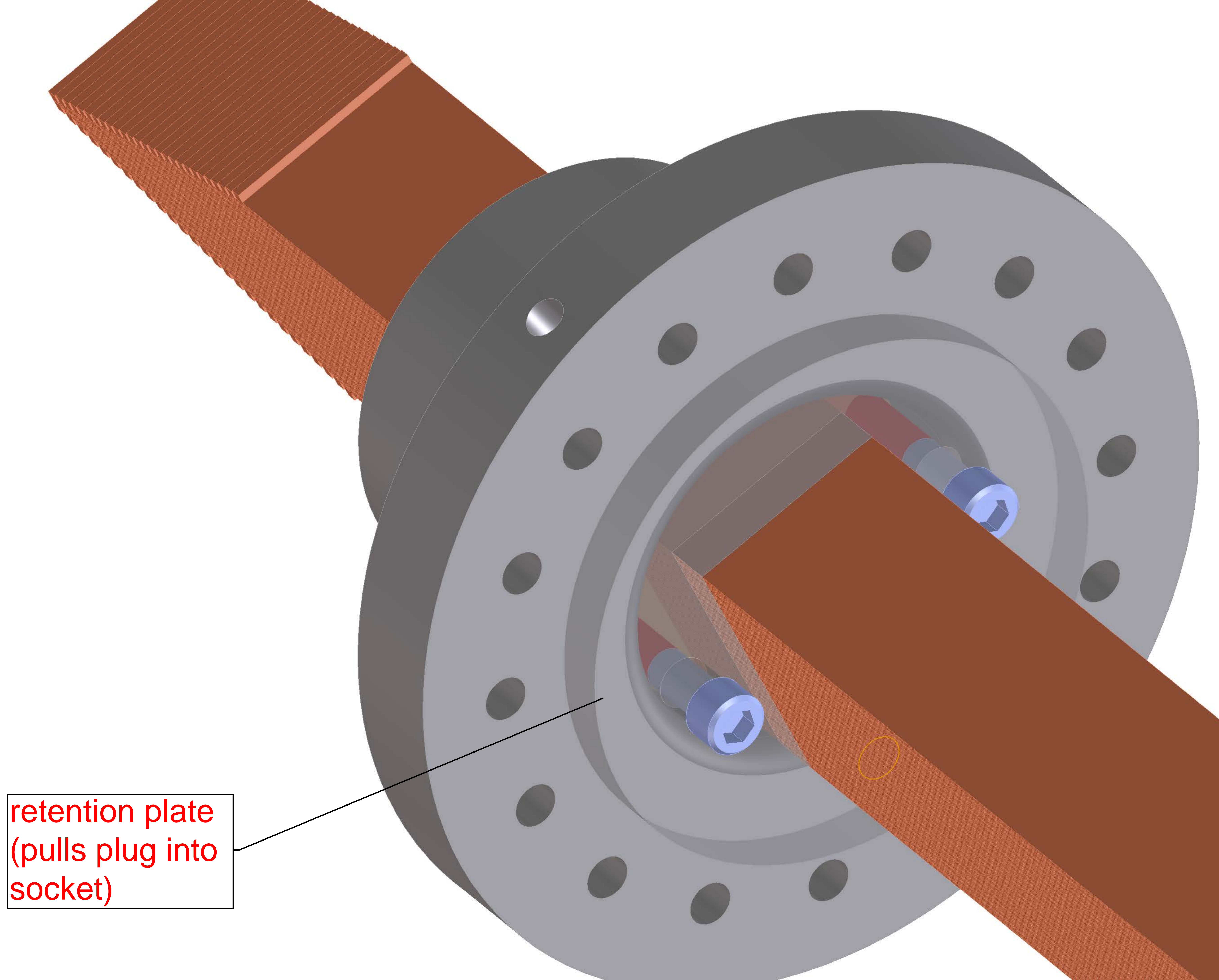
retaining plate

PEEK plug, machined to accept cable bundle

axial or auxiliary nozzle , 100mm ID

full view, no
section plane





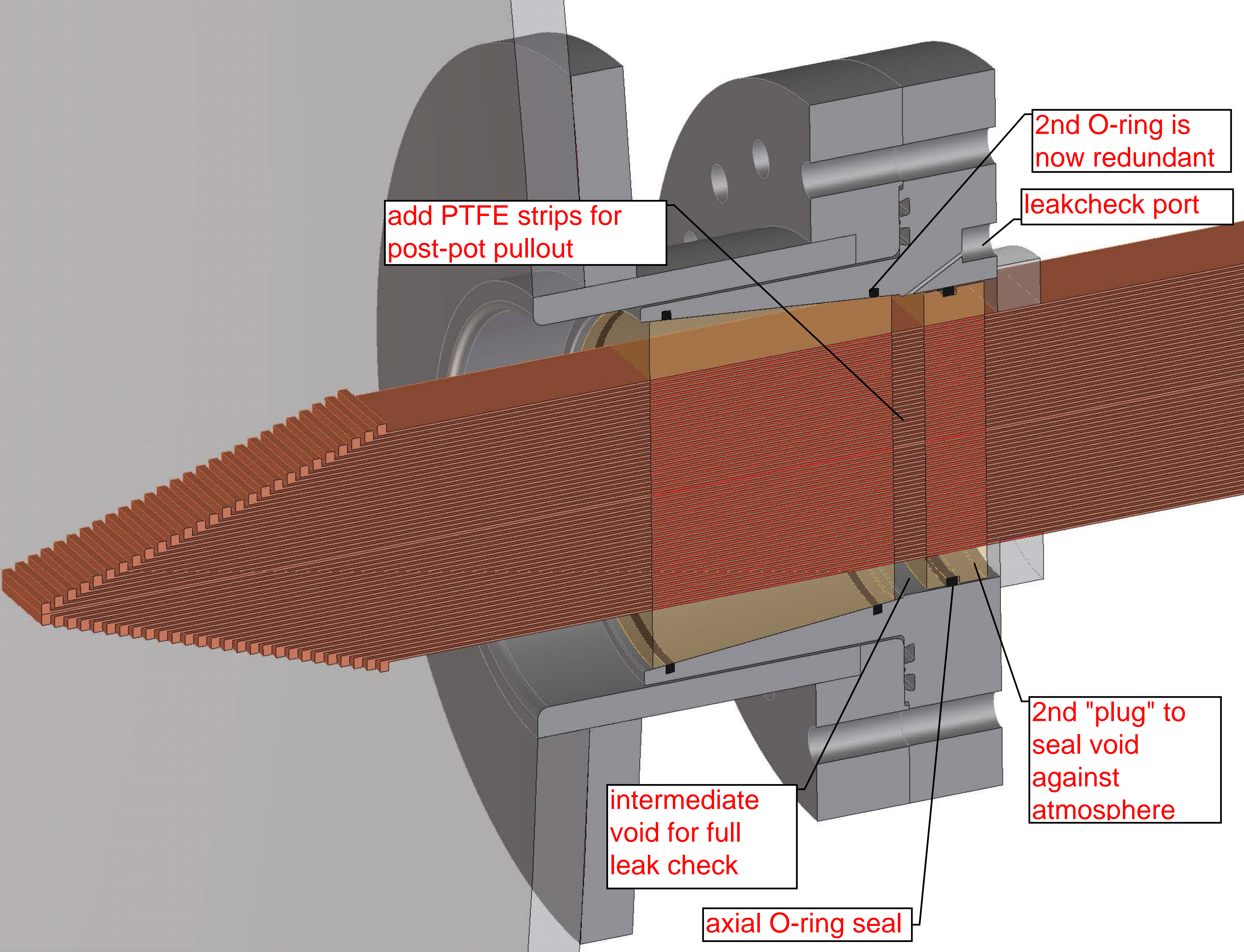
retention plate
(pulls plug into
socket)

disassembly

1. remove retention plate

2. remove socket

3. Head (already removed from vessel) may then be withdrawn from shield/motherboard, feedthrough stays with MB



add PTFE strips for
post-pot pullout

2nd O-ring is
now redundant

leakcheck port

intermediate
void for full
leak check

axial O-ring seal

2nd "plug" to
seal void
against
atmosphere

cross section at 90 deg to previous sections

pot in blind
screw thread
inserts (knurled)

use these for
extraction, as
well (need to
design a
pusher plate)

